OUNTRY	Poland REPORT NO	-
OPIC	Polish Troops and Military Installations in Danzis (Gdansk)	
		25X1
VALUATION	25X1X PLACE OBTAINED 25X1	
	ENT_prior to June 1952	
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DATE OBTAINE	DATE PREPARED	
AGES*	2 ENCLOSURES (No. & TYPE)	
REMARKS		
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l	Prior to June 1952, the former Cavalry Barracks on ul. Lakowa,	
	formerly Weiden Gasse, in Danzig, were occupied by Polish troops in	0.5
<i>3</i>	the strength of about one battalion. that the unit left the installation invariably on foot and was equipped with small	25
5X1	arms. The unit which was a Polish infantry unit re-	
	gularly took part in the summer and fall practices. The soldiers wore khaki uniforms with red collar putches and red cap bands.	
2.	In the summer of 1952, the former Wieben Kaserne between former Fleischer Gasse, renamed ul. Rzeznicka, and former roggenpfuhl, re-	
	named ul. Zabi Kruk, was still heavily damaged and the debris was	
	not yet completely removed. In June 1952, that the installation which he himself could not enter was not occu-	25
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3	In June 1952, the Neufahrwasser barracks installation which was bor-	
	dered by ul. Oliwska, formerly Olivaer Strasse, ul. Slemienska and	
	ul. Na Gruzach, formerly Hindersin Strasse, was occupied by Polish naval units.3	
4.	Prior to the summer of 1952, the former Schutzpolizei Kaserne and	
	the former Train Kaserne behind it in Dazig-Langfuhr were occupied	
	by a Polish motorized artillery unit and a Polish motorized AA gun	<u> </u>
	unit. Some armored reconnaissance vehicles also were in this instal- lation which was bordered by Al. Grundwaldzka in the northeast and	
	ul. Szymanowskiego in the northwest. In the summer of 1952, all buil-	
	dings along Al. Grundwgldzka were still destroyed; low wooden buildings serving as emergency quarters were still among the buildings. The	
	number of these quarters was not determined. The motorized artillery	
	unit was equipped with a total of 12 to 15 guns all of the same type	
	and which were towed by six-wheel trucks, after returning from the 1951 fall practices, the unit once appeared in close order at the	*
5X1	station the unit as light artillery unit and stated	
	that the guns had two wheels with pneumatic tires, the gun shield was about 150 cm high, and the barrels were of medium length without	= ;
<b>5</b> 1/4	muzzle on the same occasion noticed that the AA gun	
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oX1	unit had about 10 AA guns which were towed by six-wheel trucks, had an estimated caliber of about 75-mm and long barrels with muzzle	

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brake. The armored reconnaissance vehicles, of which saw more than two at a time, had four wheels with pneumatic tires, a machine gun of unidentified caliber, an armor which covered much of the wheels, a small door for the driver on the right side and a hatch with hatch cover for the commander. All soldiers seen in the installation area were khaki uniforms with red service color prior to the summer of 1952.

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- 6. Prior to June 1952, WOP units of the Polish border guard with green cap bands were observed in the former Feldartillerie Kaserns on the east side of ul. Medziakowskiego, formerly Heeresanger. Source saw no heavy arms and only a few motor vehicles and estimated the strength of the unit at about two battalions The personnel received infantry training and also engaged in border guard duties in the harbor and on the shore. 5
- 7. In the spring of 1952, the former Narwik Cantonment on the north-west side of Al. Marynarki Polskiej, formerly Paul Beneke Weg and southwest of Lauental, between Danzig and Neufahrwasser, was occupied by a Polish labor service unit. The contonment consisted of about 25 low wooden buildings which were in good condition.
- 8. Prior to early 1952, a military school was observed in an angular four storied building on the west side of ul. Grotgera, immediately south of the power station in Zoppot (Q 55/Y 43). The personnel were long dark-blue cloth trousers with broad yellow stripes on both sides, open-neck khaki blouses, and brown service caps with yellow bands. The collar patches of the blouses were bordered by a silver strip.

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The office for Public Security was in the building of the former Polizeipraesidium on the east side of ul. Okopowa. Other offices of the Polish security service were in the building of the former Danziger Lendesversicherungsanstalt on ul. Okopowa, about 200 meters south of the former Polizeipraesidium. A school of the Polish security service, the personnel of which wore gray-blue uniforms, was quartered in the former Viktoria Maedchenschule on the east side of ul. Kladki, formerly Holz Gasse. that the units of this school were equipped with rifles and submachine guns and that the members of the militia and the UB who had successfully completed the course of a political school were a silver strip about an inch broad around each sleeve and about a hand's breadth from the bottom of the sleeves.

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	10.	Prior to June 1952, no armored Polish units and only the armored reconnaissance vehicles in Danzig-Langfuhr were seen in the town. It was rumored that Polish tank units were quartered in the woods near Kahlbude (Q 55/7 31).		
25X1A	1.	Comment. Information in October 1951, indicated that this barracks installation was occupied to capacity by a KBW unit.	•	25X1
25X1A		o. If the present information of June 1952 was correct, the occupation would have changed. It would then, however, be strange that the information does not indicate the presence of machanized troops as the headquarters of the 16th Weez Div is probably stationed in Danzig.		
25X1A 25X1	2.	Comment. The refugee who supplied the information referred to in Comment 1, reported that this installation was occupied by 100 infantrymen in the fall of 1951.		
25X1A	3.	Comment. The actual occupation is unclear. One resettler reported an infantry battalion in this installation in November 1951 while another resettler reported WOP troops in the summer of 1951.	•	
25X1A	40	Comment. The occupation of this barracks installation can- not yet be determined as the statements of various resettlers con-		
		flict. Only an artillery regiment can be confirmed although the description of the guns do not agree.  The unit wearing blue uniforms reported in paragraph 5 may be an AAA unit which once was reported in August 1951 and was affiliated		25X1A
25X1A		with the airfield northeast of the barracks installation.  The present information indicates a militia unit.		25X1
25X1A	5.	Comment. Prior to 1950, this barracks installation was allegedly occupied by a signal unit.		25X1A
25X1A	6.	Comment. Possibly the 30th SP Brigade which is listed with the surname marwik in the Danzig 1952 telephone directory.		

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